

The Leader.

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LESLIE G. NIBLACK, — — — Editor.

Official Organ of Oklahoma Democracy.

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TUESDAY, JAN. 11, 1898.

Will somebody kindly tell Mr. Henry B. Asp to come to the phone and explain just where he stands on statehood?

The Kingfisher Free Press says ex-Governor Seay will be silent for five months. Will the Free Press be kind enough to name the months?

In five years Kansas has paid off \$200,000,000 of mortgage debt and ex-Senator Peffer's whiskers have grown three-eighths of an inch, and still some people turn up their noses at Kansas.

WASHINGTON POST: Our bright Oklahoma contemporary, the Guthrie Leader, quaintly remarks that "the fellows who want the offices are also flocking to Ohio to give Mr. Hanna a boost."

The Washington Post remarks: To add to the discomfort of the Hanna forces, Mr. Halstead, the Cuban lecturer, who puts his audience to sleep in one round, has arrived on the scene with his predicting apparatus.

WASHINGTON POST: The inability of the average human being to recognize in himself the virtues and weaknesses he is so quick to see and condemn in others, is one of the most conspicuous and laughable follies of human nature.

When an Oklahoman visits the White House and finds the next morning the newspapers have run him in under the "among the other callers" caption, he can depend upon it that he has not cut enough ice to frappe a small bottle.

The Washington Post says "it is now alleged that Russia gained Port Arthur by a trick. Has the heathen Chinee forgotten the ways that are dark and the tricks that are peculiar?" Probably there was too much bear-oil in the jackpot.

Washington Star: Patriotic women can now come to the defense of their country in an emergency by declining firmly to wear seal-skin cloaks and caps at all. It remains to be seen if feminine patriotism is equal to so terrible and prolonged a strain.

A TABULATION just completed by the state board of agriculture in Kansas, of the values of farm products and live stock marketed in Kansas during the past ten years, shows that the Kansas farmers realized over \$1,800,000,000 for these products. Contrary to the general impression, wheat is not king in Kansas. Corn outranks it. In the ten years the total value of corn has exceeded that of wheat by \$177,000,000.

The shipments of grain from the port of Galveston since the deepening of the harbor was accomplished have grown to be enormous. Dozens of ships have taken away cargoes of grain in the past few weeks, yet the receipts of grain by rail are much greater than the exporting capacity. It might be supposed, to read of the great exports from Galveston, that they would figure to some extent in the Chicago markets, but the Chicago people seem to prefer to ignore Galveston as far as possible.

The Dingley tariff bill has another aim to answer for. Senator Morgan declares that the European powers now engaged in slicing up China are actuated by a desire to resent the passing of the Dingley tariff by putting a commercial cordon against American commerce from Vladivostok to Marseilles or Liverpool. This may be an incident of the movement, but the immediate object is to satiate the greed for territorial acquisition which will yet unmake some of the now pretentious European powers.

RICH AND POOR.

Statistics not only show that the rich are growing richer and the poor poorer; that less than 5 per cent of the population of the United States own more than one-half its wealth, but they also show that certain portions of the United States are growing in wealth at a rate far in excess of what their population and natural resources would warrant.

For instance, the single state of New York from 1889 to 1896 gained more in wealth than the fifteen states, Indiana, Illinois, Iowa, Nebraska, Kansas, West Virginia, Kentucky, North Carolina, Tennessee, Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, Florida and Louisiana.

And Massachusetts gained more in wealth than the nine states, Indiana, Illinois, Iowa, Nebraska, North Caro-

lina, Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi and Louisiana.

We do not have to search very far to discover that by means of a protective tariff and trusts the east is enabled to sell its products at high prices; that by means of imported foreign labor it is also able to manufacture cheaply; that it buys its agricultural products at export prices and loans the millions gained in the above manner to the west and south, and then by means of the gold standard gets back two dollars' worth of products for every dollar loaned. That such a process, if long continued, must bankrupt the west and south is self-evident.

UNJUST TO THE REDS.

Indians Claim Shrewd Whites Are Getting the Best of Them.

Special to the Daily Leader.
WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—The committee is receiving letters constantly from full-blood Creek Indians to the effect that their country is ruled and controlled by a few shrewd, scheming, selfish, wealthy Indians and adopted white citizens and "squaw men" who hold large tracts of the country and have it fenced into farms and pastures, and these men stand as an impediment to allotment and change of Indian government. Mr. Curtis received numerous letters to this effect today, one of them closing as follows:

"The way matters are in the Creek nation, the masses of our people derive no or very little benefit, from our government. The majority of the Indian people in the territory need allotment of their lands in severalty. We want congress to pass a law at once to this end and incorporate to ourselves as to do equal justice to both the Indian and the non-citizen, and also to make us citizens of the United States, protecting us in our rights and wiping out the inefficient Indian governments and giving the United States courts jurisdiction over us, both civil and criminal. The trouble with the Dawes Creek agreement was in part seven, where it gives allotment the right of buying land and improvements in their inclosures, in excess of their allotments. We believe in a general law to put all the five tribes on an equal footing. Seventy-five per cent of us speak, read and write the English language, so we are ready for citizenship of the United States as we will ever be. The masses of our people are afraid to speak out on account of our leaders, but believe me, this is the truth as I understand it."

This is a sample of numerous letters to the same effect being received from the Indian Territory daily.

WASHINGTON BUDGET.

Delegate Callahan's New Bill Touching Grazing Lands.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—Delegate Callahan today introduced in the house a bill granting certain grazing lands in Oklahoma to said territory for school purposes.

The bill provides so much territory lying west of east line of range 17, not now settled or occupied, under homestead laws may be leased by school board commissioners for the territory or persons desiring the use of same or any part thereof for grazing purposes alone subject to homestead settlement and homestead entry, all moneys derived from the lease of these lands be applied for school purposes.

The solicitor general and City Attorney Haines today made special application to the supreme court in the United States court in the case of Easton Payne against the city of East Guthrie, and the case was assigned for the argument on January 17, as it involves the settlement of similar cases in the supreme court of Oklahoma. Senator John W. Daniels and Corp & Luckett, of Washington, represented Payne. The supreme court will hear the case on the 17th.

Presidential postmasters—John S. Banger, Pawnee, and Richard E. Jenness, Chandler.

John A. Northup, appointed postmaster at Dover, Kingfisher county, vice H. R. Lillibridge, removed.

KANSAS MINE DISASTER.

Three Men Lose Their Lives From an Explosion at Chicago.

PITTSBURG, Kan., Jan. 10.—Full particulars regarding the explosion at Chicago Saturday night were not obtainable until yesterday about noon. The mine is badly damaged and the three men who were thought to be alive were taken out dead. They are: Sohn Posing, 29 years old, who leaves a wife and three small children; Charles Winters, single, 25 years old, the only support of an aged father and mother, and Antoine Weinberger, single. The true cause of the explosion is not known, nor can it be accounted for by the best experienced mine operators in the district. It was without doubt an explosion of dust created by the work of the shot firers. No 8 is the largest shaft the Mt. Carmel company is operating, and this winter it has been working both day and night shifts. The explosion occurred between shifts or the results would have been almost a repetition of the famous Frontenac explosion.

CABINET LARGE ENOUGH.

Senators Opposed to the Proposed Department of Commerce.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—There is little chance that a new department of commerce with a cabinet officer at its head will be made. The most that can be hoped for seems to be a commission under an independent head. There is a strong feeling in the Senate against any increase in the cabinet at present. Already appeals have been made for the constitution of mining, health, scientific, commercial, census and labor departments, each with a cabinet head, and many senators are determined to stop the whole thing at the beginning.

Much in Little

Is especially true of Hood's Pills, for no medicine ever contained so great curative power in so small space. They are a whole medicine.

Hood's Pills
Largest, always ready, always efficient, always safe. Indigestion, constipation, cold, fever, cure all liver, bile, sick headache, jaundice, constipation, etc. 25c. The only Pills to take with Hood's Bazarilla.

And Massachusetts gained more in wealth than the nine states, Indiana, Illinois, Iowa, Nebraska, North Caro-

INDIANS BURNED AT STAKE.

TWO SEMINOLES PUT TO A HORRIBLE DEATH.

MOB STILL AFTER OTHERS

The Same Fate Awaits Four More If They Are Caught—Awful Vengeance For the Murder of Mrs. James Simmons—Lashed to Trees and Burned to Death—An Uprising Feared.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Jan. 10.—Charred and burned beyond all semblance of human beings, the frames of Markus McGeeley and Palmer Simpson, the two Seminole Indians who a few days ago murdered Mrs. James Simmons, are still reclining in chains against the blackened trunk of an oak tree in the Seminole nation where on Friday night they met their death in the most awful manner conceivable at the hands of an Oklahoma mob. The flesh is burned from the bones and lies in greasy, ill-smelling particles in the ashes on the ground. The fingers and hands are burned from the frames, and the ghastly skeletons, bereft of feet and ankles, stand on blackened bones in the ashes on the ground. Every vestige of hair and flesh is burned from the heads, and the clinched teeth of the dead men show the great determination to endure their awful punishment in silence with which the Red men died. Additional details of the horrible work of the mob near Maul postoffice in the Seminole nation last Friday night were received here today. According to this information the mob's work is not yet finished and will only be completed when four more Indians have been dealt with in the same manner as McGeeley and Simpson. The citizens' posse was scouring the country for the four men when the messenger left Maul and it is probable that at least part of the quartette have by this time paid the penalty decreed by the maddened populace.

The crime which led to the burning of the two men was committed on last Thursday. Markus McGeeley was the owner of some property. On his land lived a white family named Simmons. During the absence of the husband on Thursday McGeeley went to the Simmons cabin and asked for a drink of water. Mrs. Simmons was at home with her four small children.

The Indian was given the water and then asked for a saddle. On being refused the saddle McGeeley grabbed the woman, who had her baby in her arms, and dragged her out of the house. When the woman attempted to run away the Indian seized a Winchester and dealt her a deadly blow on the head, crushing the skull. The woman died instantly. The murdered woman's husband did not return home Thursday evening and the children were unable to remove the body into the house from where it had fallen in the yard. The little ones stood up and watched their mother's corpse until the bitter cold compelled them to relax their vigil and seek shelter from the weather in the cabin. During the night the body was almost devoured by hogs.

The news of the murder spread rapidly Friday morning, and the whole populace for twenty miles around was aroused. About twenty Indians were arrested. The oldest child told the crowd that McGeeley was the guilty man, and a posse of twenty determined men went to arrest him. Simpson was at McGeeley's home when the posse arrived, and both were taken into custody. A rope was thrown around the prisoners were strung up by the neck. On being let down and given an opportunity to talk, both confessed to the crime, and named four others whom they declared were equally guilty. It developed that the Indians desired to get rid of certain white settlers, and that McGeeley had been hired to do the murder.

Poses were at once sent in search of the other four Indians and it was decided to have a wholesale lynching as soon as they could be captured. As night came on, however, and the other four were not captured, the citizens changed their plan and determined to dispose of McGeeley and Simpson without further delay. The feeling was so very bitter against them that the crowd would not be satisfied with the ordinary method of lynching and it was voted to burn them at the stake. The victims were accordingly chained to a post oak tree. Fence rails and dry wood was then piled high about them and in a few minutes the Indians were wrapped in roaring flames, while the timbers crackled beneath their feet. Never a word did the Indians utter while being roasted alive. They apparently saw that they were powerless to resist and endured their lot like stoics. The crowd was composed of not over thirty men, and the work was done in a quiet but thorough and determined manner. Poses continued the search for the other four Indians and it is very probable that if captured they will be dealt with in a like manner. The gentlemen bringing this information states that there are grave fears of an outbreak among the Indians and that he believes bloodshed is certain to follow.

Late last night Dr. C. P. Linn, chief physician of the Seminole nation, telegraphed to both Indian Agent Widdow and Marshall Bennett for assistance in quelling the state of war that prevails in the nation. He confirmed the news of the stake burning.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets
All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c. The great relief. L. B. Q. on each tablet.

See Smith, the bill distributor.

After the Chicago Police.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Jan. 10.—A caucus of the Republican members of the Senate today decided upon an investigation of the Chicago police. A resolution providing that the president of the Senate appoint a select committee of seven was adopted. \$5 to 10

MOSES P. HANDY DEAD.

The Editor and French Exposition Commissioner Passes Away in Georgia.

ATLANTA, Ga., Jan. 10.—Major Moses P. Handy died at the Hotel Bon Air at noon today. The body will be taken to Berlin, Md.

Major Handy has been an invalid the last two months. He became ill in Paris, whither he had gone as the special commissioner of the United States to the French exposition of 1900. He recovered sufficiently to make the journey to America and came here at once.

A TOWBOAT BLOWS UP.

The Percy Kelsey Destroyed and at Least Six on Board Killed.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Jan. 10.—The towboat Percy Kelsey, owned by W. H. Brown & Son of this city, blew up while going down the Ohio river, near Glenfield, Ohio, about 11 o'clock this morning, and six or eight of the crew were killed, and at least four of the others injured. The boat was literally blown to pieces and the cargo scattered and lost.

Floppers Captured.

FORT SCOTT, Kan., Jan. 10.—James Henretta, of Muscatine, Iowa, with the aid of the police located his wife, who eloped from her home with a fellow giving his name as John Benson, four months ago. The woman is 31 and the man 20 years of age. Until six weeks ago they had been living in St. Joseph, but left there a day before the woman's husband arrived. When arrested to-day the woman had about \$1,000 on her person. Her husband says before leaving she sold part of the household goods and took the balance with her. They have been married but seven months. The woman has decided to return with her husband. Her lover is in jail here.

Sends His Own Son to Prison.

HUTCHINSON, Kan., Jan. 10.—Virgil Mitchell loved a young lady of Abilene, but she did not return his affection. Despondent over her refusal to marry him, young Mitchell sold a horse belonging to his father and started for Kansas City to drown his sorrow. The father, who had helped the boy out of previous troubles, decided to stop his wayward career and had him arrested for embezzlement. Yesterday he pleaded guilty and was sentenced to the reformatory, where there are no girls to love or horses to sell.

Lady Somerset Retires.

NEW YORK, Jan. 10.—A London cable says Lady Henry Somerset has given up all public work. She has resigned the presidency of the Woman's Temperance association and will take a prolonged rest tentatively under the orders of her physician. It is believed, however, that differences with her colleagues in temperance work have greatly influenced her retirement.

A Fickle Woman Sued.

DENVER, Col., Jan. 10.—J. H. Gallagher, a druggist of Sheldon, Iowa, has filed a suit in the district court here against Mrs. Andrew Sanbo, asking \$10,000 for alleged breach of promise of marriage. He says he spent \$1,000 in entertaining during their courtship and lost \$2,000 by neglect of his business, having come to Colorado to visit her.

John T. Brush's Home Burned.

BRIDGEPORT, Ind., Jan. 10.—"Embarrassy," the home of John T. Brush, the base ball magnate, three miles east of here, was wrecked by fire this morning. It was of unique architecture, built of stone and cost about \$35,000. The loss is estimated at \$20,000. The furniture and bric-a-brac were removed.

See Smith, the bill distributor.

Notice for Publication.

Land office at Guthrie, O. T., Jan. 8, 1898.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the register and receiver at Guthrie, O. T., on February 12, 1898, viz:

John O. Burrell, for the ne qr sec 15, 17, 18, 19.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: George W. Sloan, John H. Ething, all of Crescent, O. T.

A. N. J. CROOK, Register.

First published in the Daily Leader January 9, 1898.

Notice for Publication.

Land office at Guthrie, O. T., January 8, 1898.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the register and receiver at Guthrie, O. T., on February 12, 1898, viz:

Rose Peters, widow and heir-at-law of Levi S. Pearson, for lot 3 and ne qr sec 19, 15, 17, 18, 19.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Jacob Ford, David Smith, James O'Connell, Samuel Abels, all of Springfield, O. T.

A. N. J. CROOK, Register.

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Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the register and receiver at Guthrie, O. T., on February 12, 1898, viz:

John W. Beecher, for the sh of ne qr sec 26, 19, 17, 18, 19, range 2 west.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Furman Upham, Henry Hower, Henry Burdham, and James Mackay, all of Guthrie, O. T.

A. N. J. CROOK, Register.

First published in the Guthrie Daily Leader, Jan. 8, 1898.

Notice for Publication.

Land office at Guthrie, O. T., January 8, 1898.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the register and receiver at Guthrie, O. T., on February 12, 1898, viz:

James Miles Collier, for the se qr sec 21, 19, range 1 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Samuel Harper, George Baker, Richard McCall, all of Langston, O. T., and James O. Peicher, of Jennings, O. T.

A. N. J. CROOK, Register.

CYCLONE IN KENTUCKY.

Methodist Church and Hotel at Morganfield Wrecked—City Marshal Killed.

MORGANFIELD, Ky., Jan. 10.—At 3:20 yesterday afternoon a cyclone struck this city, unroofing the old Methodist church and the Parsons hotel and totally demolishing several business houses. Harvey Sellers, the city marshal, who was in the police office at the time, was instantly killed by falling walls. The storm struck the city from the southwest and only lasted a few seconds.

THREE KILLED.

Farmer Judah and His Two Daughters Struck by a Santa Fe Train.

ATLANTON, Kan., Jan. 10.—Jennings Judah and his two daughters, aged 18 and 14 years, respectively, were struck by an Atlchison, Topeka & Santa Fe passenger train Saturday evening and all were instantly killed. The accident occurred at a crossing half a mile west of Atlchison, known as Omaha Junction. Judah was a wealthy farmer, who lived one mile east of Cummings, Atlchison county. He leaves a widow and two younger children.

Missouri Democratic Committee.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Jan. 10.—Chairman Sam H. Cook, Secretary Thomas B. Love and Harvey W. Salmon, chairman of the executive committee of the Democratic state committee, held a conference in the Planters' hotel and decided that the state committee shall be called together in St. Louis Monday, January 24. The purpose of the meeting is to decide upon a time and place for a state convention and issue a call for it.

Setback for Indians.

SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS, Jan. 10.—Advices were received here to-day to the effect that the Mexican government will not give its consent to the colonization of Chickasaw and Choctaw Indians in that country, as is proposed by Kansas City promoters. It is claimed that the colonization law of Mexico prohibits the establishment of colonies of foreigners in that country when the colonists are all of one nationality.

British Failure in India.

LONDON, Jan. 10.—The announcement that more than 3,000 lives have been lost on the English side in the warfare against the insurgent tribesmen of the Indian frontier, has aroused a great deal of popular feeling, as it is felt that there is nothing whatsoever to show for this loss of life, and that the entire campaign has been a lamentable failure.

Deafness Cannot be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian tube. When this tube gets inflamed it has a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; and cases out of ten are cured by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

J. J. CHERRY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

First published in the Daily Leader Jan. 7, 1898.

Notice for Publication.

Land office at Guthrie, O. T., Jan. 6, 1898.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the register and receiver at Guthrie, O. T., on February 12, 1898, viz:

James M. Morgan for lots 1, 2, 3 and 4 of the se qr sec 15, 17, 18, 19.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Engene M. Garnett, Charles P. Honesty, Cornelius Phillips, John A. Blizzard, all of Garnettville, O. T.

A. N. J. CROOK, Register.

First published in the Daily Leader Jan. 7, 1898.

Notice for Publication.

Land office at Guthrie, O. T., Jan. 6, 1898.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the register and receiver at Guthrie, O. T., on February 12, 1898, viz:

Eugene M. Garnett for lots 4, 5, 6 and 7 of the se qr sec 15, 17, 18, 19.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Charles P. Honesty, James M. Morgan, Cornelius Phillips and John A. Blizzard, all of Garnettville, O. T.

A. N. J. CROOK, Register.

First published in the Daily Leader Jan. 7, 1898.

Notice for Publication.

Land office at Guthrie, O. T., January 6, 1898.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the register and receiver at Guthrie, O. T., on February 12, 1898, viz:

Winfield A. Turner for the se qr sec 26, 19, range 2 west.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

David W. Martin, James E. Hoover, David Roberts and George Harris, all of Guthrie, O. T.

A. N. J. CROOK, Register.

First published in the Guthrie Daily Leader, Jan. 5, 1898.

Notice for Publication.

Land office at Guthrie, O. T., January 4, 1898.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the register and receiver at Guthrie, O. T., on February 12, 1898, viz:

James Miles Collier, for the sh of ne qr sec 26, 19, 17, 18, 19, range 2 west.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Samuel Harper, George Baker, Richard McCall, all of Langston, O. T., and James O. Peicher, of Jennings, O. T.

A. N. J. CROOK, Register.

First published in the Daily Leader Jan. 5, 1898.

Notice for Publication.

Land office at Guthrie, O. T., Jan. 5, 1898.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the register and receiver at Guthrie, O. T., on February 12, 1898, viz:

James Miles Collier, for the se qr sec 21, 19, range 1 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Samuel Harper, George Baker, Richard McCall, all of Langston, O. T., and James O. Peicher, of Jennings, O. T.

A. N. J. CROOK, Register.